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Date: .....



## **ROUND ABOUT**

Worksheet - I

Name: Roll No.:
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## A. Name the following empires after going through their details.



This empire was founded in 322 BC by Chandra Gupta Maurya. It was ruled from 321 to 185 BC and is known as an Iron-age Historical Power in the ancient world.



This empire was founded and consolidated by Chhatrapati Shivaji Bhosle. It existed from 1674 to 1818 and was known as Indian imperial power. They are credited for the re-establishment of Hindu rule in India.

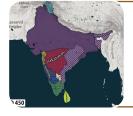
EMEAND CHOLA

SENSON
CHERA

KUTIKALD
PANDYA

YEMAN
MARKAN AT

This dynasty was one of the longest ruling dynasties in southern India. The dynasty was governed until the 13 century A.D. The kings of this dynasty were passionate builders and visualized temples not as places of worship but as economic centres.



This empire was an ancient Indian empire that existed from approximately 320 to 550 CE. This period laid a foundation of many inventions and discoveries in science, technology, astronomy and religion and was termed the 'Golden Age of India.'



This empire is named after its capital city. It lasted until 1646 although its power declined after a major military defeat in 1565 by the Deccan Sultanates. This empire is referred to as the 'Kingdom of Bisnagar' by the Portuguese.



This was a Muslim dynasty of Turkic-Khaloy origin. They ruled a large part of South-Asia between 1290 and 1320.

They were the second dynasty to rule Delhi. .....

<b>B.</b>	India comprises of 28 states and 8 union territories. Can you identify some of
	them with the help of the given sobriquets?

The Land of Palaces and Temples		The Heart of India	
	 The Gateway of India		
The Home of Powerful Empire		The Bowl of Minerals	
	The Land of Beautiful Valley		
The Home of Gir Lion		The Land of sing Industry	
	The Rice Bowl of India		

	Democracy greatly protects the people from anything they would disagree to occur.
1	Democracy prevents the monopoly of ruling authority.
	In a democracy the elected members put the interest of masses at the backseat for their personal interest and corrupt practices.
	In a democracy more emphasis on quantity rather than quality matters.
1	In a democracy, efforts are done to make citizens feel great with a good sense of participation and involvement.
	• • •
	Democracy serves as a training school for citizens.
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